

GB.294/PFA/2 294th Session

Governing Body

Geneva, November 2005

Programme, Financial and Administrative Committee

PFA

FOR INFORMATION

SECOND ITEM ON THE AGENDA

Voluntary contributions and gifts

- 1. At its 151st Session (February-March 1962), the Governing Body authorized the Director-General to accept gifts in money or in kind made by governments, governmental or non-governmental organizations or private persons in aid of ILO operational programmes, at his discretion and subject to the condition that the gifts should not involve any financial liability for the Members of the Organization. These general powers were given to the Director-General in extension of the authority granted by the Governing Body at its 130th Session (November 1955) and confirmed at its 138th Session (February-March 1958). At its 251st Session (November 1991), the Governing Body authorized the Director-General to accept gifts in money or in kind made by governments, governmental or non-governmental organizations or private persons, at his discretion, provided that they did not involve any financial liability for the Members of the Organization and provided that details of such gifts were reported periodically to the Governing Body.
- **2.** Details of gifts accepted by the Director-General were last communicated to the Committee in November 2003. ¹ Gifts accepted in aid of operational programmes since that date are listed in the appendix. These gifts represent donations towards ongoing ILO activities and do not therefore include funds received for technical cooperation activities.

Geneva, 16 September 2005.

Submitted for information.

¹ GB.288/PFA/2.

Appendix

Gifts in aid of operational programmes

In August 2003, SERONO International S.A. contributed 10,000 Swiss francs to the campaign *Carton rouge au travail des enfants* under IPEC responsibility.

In September 2003, Income Generating Activities and Social Solidarity Project (IGASS), which is funded by the EU, contributed US\$11,650 towards the cost of a workshop for Palestinian men and women in the camps in Lebanon.

In September 2003, the Japanese Trade Union Confederation (RENGO) donated ¥4,000,000 for the ILO/RENGO regional workshop on benefits to workers through productivity improvement, held in Yaoundé, Cameroon, from 24 to 28 November 2003.

In November 2003, the Government of the Netherlands contributed US\$30,000 to the development of a special film on the Declaration, which was jointly prepared by DCOMM and DECLARATION.

In November 2003, the Government of Finland contributed €0,456 to the consultative meeting of the World Commission on the Social Dimension of Globalization, held from 4 to 6 October 2003.

In December 2003, the International Olympic Committee contributed 20,000 Swiss francs to the ILO/Universitas programme to test the training material called: "Youth Sport Protection Training Tool" in Albania.

In February 2004, the *Conseil des écoles publiques de l'Est de l'Ontario*, Canada, donated Can\$32.17 for the combat against child labour.

In February 2004, the European Commission donated €29,288 towards the cost of the ILO-EU Tripartite Conference on Sectoral Social Dialogue for EU Accession Countries, held in Prague from 30 November to 1 December 2001.

In 2004, five different contributions to the Fourth High-level Meeting on Maritime Labour Standards, held in Nantes (France) from 19 to 23 January 2004, were received:

- the Government of France contributed €300,000;
- *la communauté urbaine de Nantes* contributed €50,000;
- *le Conseil général de Loire-Atlantique contributed* €50,000;
- le Conseil régional des pays de Loire contributed €49,430; and
- *la préfecture de région* contributed €0,000.

In March 2004, the Belgian Ministry of Employment and Labour contributed US\$9,642.41 to the tripartite seminar on "Promoting Social Dialogue on Wage Policy in Romania", Bucharest, 23-24 January 2003.

In April 2004 and April 2005, the United Kingdom Sports Council (UK Sport) contributed, respectively, £5,800 and £10,000 to the ILO's Youth Sport Programme in Mozambique as part of the "Common Framework for Partnership on Sport and Local Development in Mozambique, including the IOC Boane Project".

In April and August 2004, the Islamic Development Bank (IDB) contributed, respectively, US\$15,000 and US\$10,000 to the ILO Tripartite Meeting of Experts on Youth Employment in the Arab States, held in Amman (Jordan), from 6 to 8 April 2004.

In June 2004, the All NTT Workers Union of Japan (NTT – Nippon Telegraph and Telephone) contributed \$1,005,549 towards ILO activities related to the World Day against Child Labour 2004 in Japan.

In November 2002, a Convention was signed between the Government of France and the ILO in support of the activities of the ILO Office in France. In 2004, the ILO received a contribution of \notin 76,225 and in 2005 a contribution of \notin 76,225. The funds are used to defray costs of the ILO Office in Paris.

In August 2004, the Fiji National Provident Fund (FNPF) contributed F\$19,299.38 to conduct the FNPF Medical Scheme feasibility study of health-care benefits.

In August 2004, the Government of Germany contributed €0,000 in connection with the relocation of the ILO Office from Bonn to Berlin. In April 2005, the German Government contributed €0,000 to cover the rental cost of the ILO premises in Berlin.

In September 2004, the *Direction du Développement et de la Coopération (DDC)* of Switzerland contributed US\$15,000 towards a translation of the *Guide de suivi et d'évaluation des systèmes de micro-assurance santé* into English.

In 2004 and 2005, the ILO received contributions towards the costs of the ILO Seventh European Regional Conference, held in Budapest, Hungary, from 14 to 18 February 2005:

- the Government of Luxembourg contributed €180,000; and
- the Government of Hungary contributed €180,000.

In November 2004, the Jeddah Chamber of Commerce and Industry (JCCI) contributed US\$11,500 towards the costs of a training workshop on Start and Improve Your Business for women home-based businesses in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, from 17 to 23 December 2004.

In April 2005, the International Ship Suppliers Association (ISSA) contributed £5,000 to establish a joint ILO/IMO database containing information on abandonment cases.

In May 2005, the Instituto Sindical de Cooperacion al Desarrollo (ISCOD) contributed US\$24,940 for the Programa de promoción de los principios y derechos fundamentales del trabajo en el sector de la educación en Colombia.

In June 2005, the World Bank contributed US\$58,000 to the special side event of the International Labour Conference on the Youth Employment Network (7 June): *Bringing Youth Employment into the International Agenda*, as well as for a preparatory meeting of the YEN Youth Consultative Group and other youth NGOs (6 June), as well as for a follow-up technical meeting, held at the ILO on 8 June.

The following ILO Offices operate from premises provided rent free by the host countries: Algiers, Budapest, Yaoundé, Ankara, Lisbon, Madrid, Rome, Abuja, Kuwait, Beirut and Dakar. The Offices of the following national correspondents have also been provided free of charge by the host countries: Bucharest, Kiev, Minsk, Sofia and Tirana.