

BRAZIL*

Decent work indicator ¹	1995	2001	2005	2007
Employment-to-population ratio, ages 16-64, %	68.8	65.6	68.1	68.6
Male	84.4	79.8	80.7	81.0
Female	54.1	52.3	56.3	57.0
Unemployment rate, ages 16-64, %	6.0	9.4	9.5	8.3
Share of youth not in education and not in employment, ages 15-24, %	19.3	19.4	18.7	18.8
Formality rate, %	45.5	45.2	46.9	49.5
Working poor				
Poverty line of PPP\$ 1.25/day, %	12.6	13.5	9.4	6.2
Poverty line of PPP\$ 2.00/day, %	27.0	27.9	22.7	15.4
Low-pay rate, %	30.2	28.6	20.0	18.8
Excessive hours (more than 48 hours per week), %	24.3	24.4	21.1	20.3
Child labour				
10 to 14 years, %	18.7	11.6	10.3	8.5
5 to 14 years, %	11.2	5.9	5.4 ²	4.9
Share of employed persons with tenure of less than one year, %	19.7	19.8	19.5	18.2
Distribution of positions of management by sex, %				
Male	...	76.3 ³	66.0	71.0
Female	...	23.7 ³	34.0	29.0
Gap of average monthly earnings in principal job received by women in relation to men	37.5	30.9	29.5	29.7
Total cases of occupational injuries				
Total injuries, non-fatal	395 455 ⁴	340 251	499 680	514 135
Total injuries, fatal	4 488 ⁴	2 753	2 766	2 804
Share of population aged 65 and above benefiting from a pension, %	84.1	85.9	86.8	85.4
Federal public social security expenditure, % of GDP	6.9	8.2	9.4	...
Trade union density rate (unadjusted, net), %	17.3	17.4	18.9	18.1

Notes:

¹ For sources and definitions, see the Decent Work Country Profile Brazil available at: http://www.ilo.org/integration/resources/pubs/WCMS_124376/lang-en/index.htm.

² Data for 2006. ³ Data for 2002. ⁴ Data for 1996.

* This factsheet is based on the Decent Work Country Profile Brazil, which reflects the labour-market situation up until 2007, when the latest National Household Sample Survey was published. Thus, most changes brought on by the international crisis that began in the second half of 2008 are not reflected.